

The Goodland Republican.

VOLUME 10.

GOODLAND, KANSAS, FRIDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 13, 1895.

NUMBER 16.

OKLAHOMA SEEKS ADMISSION

The Statehood Bill May Be Delayed Until After the Holidays.

Mr. Bayard Will Not Talk About His Proposed Impediment.

The Ambassador to Great Britain Declines to Speak About the Resolution in Congress to Impose Him—A London Paper's View.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—Delegate Flynn may not introduce his Oklahoma statehood bill until after the holiday recess. He is for statehood, he declared, on any terms that may be procurable from congress, and is not wedded to any measures so irrevocably as to be unwilling to accept any other. The house will be disposed to pass a measure drawn to Mr. Flynn's satisfaction, but any measure is certain of amendment in the senate. There the belief is very generally entertained that the question of Oklahoma statehood is inseparable from the Indian territory question and that they must be solved together.

The Philadelphia Record had an editorial yesterday which very fully expresses the view held by eastern members. Oklahoma is lauded, its claims to recognition generously conceded, its fitness for statehood admitted, whether regarded from the view point of population or resources, but the editorial concludes much as the argument of the average eastern member does, thus: "Oklahoma has already more inhabitants than had Idaho and Wyoming when they were admitted into the union and it promises soon to overtake them both, but the Indian territory should be consolidated with Oklahoma, upon its erection into a state. The two territories together would form one of the greatest agricultural states of the union. There is no good reason for cutting up this region into two states, when it would make one great and homogeneous commonwealth."

Mr. Bayard Will Not Talk.
LONDON, Dec. 11.—The United States embassy was besieged early to-day by newspaper reporters anxious to obtain the views of ambassador Bayard upon the demand for his impeachment made yesterday in the house of representatives at Washington by Congressman William E. Barrett, of Massachusetts, on the ground that he had insulted the country from which he was accredited and the people he represented in speeches delivered at Boston, England, and at Edinburgh, Scotland, August 2 and November 7, respectively. All attempts to induce Mr. Bayard or his staff to discuss the matter failed, while the British officials also declined to make any statements.

The St. James Gazette this afternoon thinks that Mr. Bayard "may resign after such an attack." "If so," it adds, "his loss will be regretted by all who have come in contact with such a fine example of a dignified, eloquent American statesman. But Mr. Bayard's indiscretion was so deliberate that we doubt if he did not contemplate this result. After all, we, too, should resist it if our ministers made similar statements."

ELIGHTFUL BOLOCAUST.

Spaniards Set Fire to a House in Which

Were Twenty-one Women and Children.

NEW YORK, Dec. 11.—News was received here last night of another massacre in Cuba, the second since the beginning of the war. Following a battle on November 6, the Spanish column, under command of Col. Molina, retreated to Cayo Espino, a settlement comprising about 100 people. The women and children of the place became demoralized at the approach of the Spaniards and took refuge in the principal dwelling. The soldiers began firing into the house and, whether by command of Col. Molina or not may never be known, but the building was set on fire and twenty-one persons, mostly women and children, perished in the flames. Four men who escaped from the rear were killed.

Boy Bandits Bagged.

BURCH TREE, Mo., Dec. 11.—John Pollock, aged 23, and Charles Thorpe, 18, living near Mountain View, are said to be the young men who held up Station Agent Skinner at Mountain View and secured a pocketbook containing \$172. The young men were handcuffed over their faces, but Skinner recognized their voices and as soon as they departed gave an alarm. They threw the pocketbook away, but it was found yesterday morning and the money recovered.

Atlanta Exposition.

ATLANTA, Ga., Dec. 11.—The Cotton States and International exposition will deliver its diplomas and medals before the close of the fair, which ends December 31. The total number of medals awarded is 1,543, and the number of diplomas 1,546. Considering the fact that the world's fair medals are not all delivered yet, the promptness of the jury of awards at this exposition is considered exceptional.

Guthrie Religious Census.

GUTHRIE, Ok., Dec. 11.—A complete religious census of Guthrie was taken yesterday under the auspices of the Sunday School union. At 1 o'clock 300 workers started out in districts, and by 5 o'clock every house in the city had been visited, the members of the household invited to church and Sunday school, and an enumeration taken as to church and Sunday school attendance, church membership, etc.

Killed in a Boiler Explosion.

GREENVILLE, Pa., Dec. 11.—By the explosion of a boiler in the sawmill of Ezra Post, about 10 miles from here, yesterday evening Engineer Frank Perkins and Solomon Hastings were instantly killed and Stephen White and Curtis Johnson fatally hurt. The other workmen had just stepped from the mill and therefore escaped.

WEATHER FORECAST.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Dec. 11.—Forecast until 8 p. m. Thursday: For Missouri—Fair, with occasional clouds. For Kansas—Fair, with occasional clouds.

CONGRESS AT WORK.

Proceedings of the Senate and House this Past Week.

WEDNESDAY.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The house was not in session yesterday.

The senate was in session but most of the work was of a routine nature. Mr. Hoar offered a resolution denouncing the recent atrocities in Turkey and assuring the executive branch of the cordial endorsement by congress of a vigorous course for the protection of all the American citizens in Turkey and the apprehension of the barbarities against Christianity. In a recent speech Senator Allen (Neb.) urged the recognition of the Cuban insurgents, the annexation of Cuba and a strong foreign policy. Among the many bills introduced was one by Senator Baker (Kan.) to donate the Fort Hays reservation to the state of Kansas for the agricultural college. He also introduced a bill amending the civil service law so as to place private in the regular army available for appointment under the civil service after serving out the term of enlistment.

THURSDAY.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—The session of the senate was brief yesterday. Its only feature, beyond the introduction of a bill by Senator Chandler (N. H.) for the free coinage of silver when England, France and Germany should enact similar legislation, was a resolution by Senator Gallinger declaring it to be the sense of the senate that it was unwise and inexpedient to retire the greenbacks, and a short speech by Senator Call (Fla.) in favor of the recognition of the Cuban revolutionists as belligerents.

The house was not in session.

FRIDAY.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—The senate transacted no business yesterday.

The house was in session but half an hour and no business was done. Several resolutions were introduced, one by Mr. Walker (Mass.) in regard to the Armenian massacres, but objections carried everything over. Adjourned until Monday.

MONDAY.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—The feature of the proceedings in the senate yesterday was a speech by Senator Morgan (Ala.) on the Behring sea question in which he severely criticised the British ambassador, Sir Julian Pauncefote. A resolution by Senator Morgan referring the question to the foreign relations committee with power to report by bill or otherwise, was unanimously adopted. Among the bills introduced was one by Senator Berry (Ark.) organizing the Indian territory and one by Senator Palmer (Ill.) giving a uniform pension of \$50 per month to all who lost a hand and foot in the late war and \$60 to those who lost an entire limb. Also a bill by Senator Voorhees (Ind.) granting pensions to soldiers and sailors who were captured and confined in Confederate prisons during the war. The senate, in executive session, confirmed Elmer B. Adams, of Missouri, to be judge of the eastern district of Missouri; Rufus W. Peckham, of New York, to be associate justice of the supreme court.

The house held a brief session. Resolutions were presented calling for the correspondence in the Waller case, and for lists of pensioners who have been stricken from the rolls since March 4, 1893, or reduced, but both were objected to and went over. A few bills were introduced.

TUESDAY.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—The senate held a brief session yesterday. About 100 bills were introduced and Mr. Culm addressed the senate in favor of upholding the Monroe doctrine. The resolution of Senator Jones (Ark.) to suspend the removal of intruders in the Cherokee country until there shall be an appraisal of the value of improvements made by them, was adopted. Mr. Call presented several memorials praying for the recognition of the Cuban insurgents. Mr. Peffer's bill in regard to the civil service was favorably reported and the senate adjourned.

The house had a long debate on a resolution offered by Mr. Barrett (Mass.) impeaching Hon. Thomas F. Bayard for utterances delivered by him in a speech before the Edinburgh Philosophical Institute in November. The debate was very lively and the resolution was finally referred to the judiciary committee, after being toned down by an amendment. Very little other business was transacted.

THE REDEMPTION LAW.

Important Decision by the Supreme Court of Kansas.

TOPEKA, Kan., Dec. 10.—The supreme court of Kansas, at its sitting Saturday, handed down an opinion of vast importance to the debtors of the state, sustaining the constitutionality of the law of 1893, which gives eighteen months to the debtor to redeem on all sales on execution or foreclosure of mortgage, whether the mortgage was made prior to the passage of the law or not.

The importance of this decision to loan companies and mortgagees may be realized when it is remembered that under the law of 1893, the mortgagee may redeem his land for the amount for which it was bid in and not for the amount upon which judgment was taken, or the amount of the money which he had borrowed. It forces the loan company to bid up the full amount of the loan when buying in securities at sheriff's sale or else stand the danger of having the lands taken from them by repayment of a less sum than was originally loaned. The loans in Kansas affected by this decision amount to many millions, and the full force of it will be felt by companies which have loans in the western part of the state.

Murdered by Indians.

DUSTRIN, N. M., Dec. 11.—Another murder of a family is reported from the San Simon valley, in Arizona, by the renegade band of Indians from the San Carlos reservation, but details cannot be had. The father, mother and three children were slain on Thursday following the killing of Merrill and daughter. They were German-Americans who had recently come to this section from the east for the purpose of taking up a homestead.

PACKINGHOUSE PRODUCTIONS

The French Government Will Soon Exclude American Meats.

Gold Field Found on a Government Timber Reservation.

West Creek Gold Fields Found to Be on a Timber Reservation and Miners Are Liable to Imprisonment—South Carolina Republicans.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 11.—A dispatch from Paris this morning says: "The chamber of deputies to-day, after a discussion of the military budget, decided that, except under unusual circumstances, no more tinned meats should be supplied to the army after January 1, 1896, except such as are manufactured in France or in the French colonies." The dispatch was shown to J. W. Reed, of Armour's packing house in this city, and he said: "This action by the French chamber is nothing more than a further carrying out the policy held by the French government for some time, the exclusion of all American hog and other packing products. Hog products are admitted now only because of microscopic inspection. France is decidedly unfriendly to American packing interests, but the exclusion of American tinned meats from the army will not be a very serious blow. The trade has been considerable, it is true, but not of such proportions as many people think."

Gold on a Timber Reservation.

DENVER, Col., Dec. 11.—It has been discovered that almost nine-tenths of the West Creek district, one of the new gold fields, is in the United States timber reservation, and persons working there are liable to imprisonment for trespass. Congress will be asked to pass a law cutting off the mineralized portion of the reservation.

South Carolina Republicans Aroused.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Dec. 11.—The republican state executive committee has issued an address in which they denounce bitterly the franchise clause of the new constitution and its author, Senator Tillman, declare that it is fraudulent in every way and announce that they propose to fight it in congress and the courts.

THE SENATE.

Mr. Allen Pleads for His Resolution to Recognize the Cuban Insurgents.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—The first matter on the calendar was Mr. Allen's resolution recognizing the revolutionists of Cuba. Mr. Allen made some remarks upon his resolution in the course of which he declared that the populist party was as thoroughly committed to the Monroe doctrine as either the democratic party or the republican party. No action was taken on the resolution.

Mr. Call, of Florida, introduced a bill providing for the payment of pensions to employees of the railway mail service after twenty years' service.

At 1:05 p. m. the senate proceeded to executive business. At 1:15 the doors were opened and the senate adjourned until to-morrow.

PECULIAR MALADY.

A Man Has a Sleepless Spell of Twenty

Nights—Former Attacks.

ANDERSON, Ind., Dec. 11.—David Jones, of this city, who attracted the attention of the medical profession two years ago by a sleepless spell of ninety-three days and last year by another spell which extended over 131 days, is beginning on another, which he fears will be more serious than the preceding ones. He was put on the circuit jury three weeks ago, and has not slept for twenty days and nights. He does not experience any bad effects whatever from the spell, nor did he during his 131 days. During that spell he attended to all of his farm business. He says now that he feels like he never will sleep again.

A PECULIAR MANIA.

A Man in North St. Louis Ruins Women's

Dresses by Tossing.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 11.—North St. Louis citizens have requested the police to arrest a man who has wreaked a widespread vengeance or given vent to a peculiar mania by ruining the dresses of no less than twenty-five women by throwing oil upon them. Most of the women who have suffered will be unable to identify the man if he is caught, as they have not noticed the oil on their dresses until they arrived home and did not know till then that oil had been thrown upon them. The police believe that all the complainants have been the victims of the same man, as the oil has been thrown in each instance in North St. Louis within a comparatively small radius.

A TRAIN FIRED AT.

Emmence, Ky., Again the Scene of Desperate Lawless Mischief.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Dec. 11.—The train containing the Garfield club, of Louisville, returning from Frankfort, where the club participated in the Bradley inauguration, was fired into about 9 o'clock last night at Emmence, about thirty shots being fired and windows shattered. No one was hurt. It was at Emmence that Bradley refused to continue further in the joint debate with Gen. Hardin during the campaign because of partisan insults.

An Unknown's Dramatic Suicide.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Dec. 11.—An unknown man, apparently about 25 years old, neatly dressed in a business suit, walked out on a girder of the Missouri river bridge at 10 o'clock this morning, fired three bullets into his left breast and then fell into the water dead, 30 feet below. The suicide sold his necktie for 10 cents to pay his fare across the bridge.

Unidentified.

ENSPORA, Kan., Dec. 11.—The wife of John C. Harris, the publisher of the Western Wigwag, and who was supposed to have been murdered here by travelers on Tuesday night, yesterday arrived from Topeka and testified that the body was not that of her husband. The jury then rendered a verdict that deceased, who was unknown to them, was murdered by tramps.

BREEZY DEBATE.

It Was Caused by a Resolution of Impeachment of Hon. Thomas F. Bayard, Ambassador to England.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—Representative William E. Barrett, of Massachusetts, enjoys the distinction of being the author of the most thrilling incident in the present house of representatives. He threw a bombshell into that body soon after it convened by offering a resolution impeaching Thomas F. Bayard, ex-secretary of state, and now United States ambassador to the court of St. James, for high crimes and misdemeanors. The grounds advanced were utterances of Mr. Bayard, delivered before the Edinburgh, Scotland, Philosophical Institute, November 7, in his speech Mr. Bayard spoke of "protection" as a form of "state socialism," and said it had done more to "foster class legislation," "breed iniquity," "corrupt public life," "lower the tone of national representation," "divorce the ethics from politics" than any other single cause.

Such reflections on the government policy by a United States ambassador before a foreign audience, the resolution recited, were in serious disregard of his proprieties and obligations and calculated to injure our national reputation. It concluded by instructing the foreign affairs committee, which was empowered to send persons and papers, to investigate and report "by impeachment or otherwise." Mr. Barrett's resolution had been preceded by one of his colleague, Mr. McCall, in a milder tone.

Mr. McCall's resolution went down before an objection, and then it was that Mr. Barrett sprung his impeachment resolution as a question of privilege.

Mr. Crisp, the leader of the minority, made an unavailing attempt to contest the privileged nature of the resolution. Speaker Reed overruled his point of order and the resolution was thrown into the arena of debate, where it remained for three hours.

The republicans took the position that Mr. Bayard's speech constituted an offense against the country, that called for a stern rebuke, if not his recall. The democrats took the position that Mr. Bayard's utterances did not, by any stretch of the imagination, constitute grounds for impeachment.

Mr. Hitt, who will be chairman of foreign affairs, advised Mr. Barrett to amend the resolution so as to strike out the words instructing the committee to "report by impeachment or otherwise," and this was finally done. Mr. Crisp moved to refer the resolution to the judiciary committee, which being done by a strict party vote—90 to 30—the democrats contented themselves with simply voting aye against the resolution, which was adopted without division.

AFTER THE BATTLE.

Kentucky's First Republican Governor

Swore Into Office.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Dec. 11.—William O'Connell Bradley was sworn in as governor of Kentucky at noon yesterday, and the first republican administration in the history of the commonwealth was ushered in. Never before was such a crowd seen in Frankfort. There were ten times as many people as ever before came to witness an inauguration. Cincinnati sent 500 republicans, Covington and Newport 1,000 members of half a dozen clubs, the Garfield club of Louisville headed several thousand

people, two special trains of ten coaches each, which came from Lexington, were packed, and many were unable to get aboard.

Col. Bradley, with his wife and daughter, arrived last night on a special train from his home at Lancaster. All the other state officers-elect were on hand this morning. The public buildings, stores and residences were covered with flags and bunting and the city presented a beautiful appearance.

In his inaugural address the governor promised to uphold the law and the constitution, protect all people faithfully and labor for a healthy public sentiment. He declared against mob violence in any form and promised to punish all who offended in that respect.

To Protect Pensioners.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—Judge Broderick put in another bill on the pension question yesterday, which is far reaching and intended to meet recent conditions arising in the pension business. His bill is to prohibit the malicious intermeddling with pensions and in claims for pensions. It is provided that it shall be unlawful for any officer connected with it to institute any official action to affect or suspend any pension, claim on any letter, statement or report from any person regarding a pension or an application for pension, unless the same is in writing and signed by the person making such statements and giving post office address.

Hayward Hanged.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Dec. 11.—Hayward was hanged at 12:10 o'clock this morning for the murder of Catherine Gilling. He made a statement of five minutes' duration, and while not making a confession, said he hoped God would forgive him for all the harm he had ever done.

A Boy Drowned at Farm.

LARRED, Kan., Dec. 11.—Willie Fudickar, the 13-year-old son of Peter Fudickar, ice dealer of this city, was drowned in the Pawnee river about a mile west of here while skating. When found the body was in an upright position with the head against the underside of the ice.

Kansas Horticulturalists at Work.

LAWRENCE, Kan., Dec. 11.—The meeting of the state horticultural society this morning was devoted to reports of the standing committees. There are seventy-five members of the society present. The election of officers was postponed until the meeting next year.

WOMEN BURNED TO DEATH

An Invalid Woman and Her Nurse Cremated.

A Big Milling Plant and Outbuildings Destroyed by Fire.

A Little Girl Occupied by an Electric Car in Sandusky, O.—A Boiler Explodes and Fatally Injures the Fireman.

TROY, N. Y., Dec. 11.—A fancy goods store in Lansingburgh was burned this morning. Mrs. H. E. Sitter, the invalid proprietress, who lived alone, and her nurse, Mary Harris, were burned to death. Their charred bodies were found in the ruins. It is thought a lamp set fire to the clothing.

Mill and Sheds Burned.

BALDWIN, Mich., Dec. 11.—The Baldwin Milling Co.'s mill, elevator sheds and barns were destroyed by fire late last night. Loss, \$25,000; insurance, \$12,000. The cause of the fire is supposed to be spontaneous combustion.

Killed by an Electric Car.

SANDUSKY, O., Dec. 11.—While crossing the street with her mother, the 5-year-old daughter of E. M. Hughes, county clerk, was run down by an electric car last night. Her head was separated from the body and her limbs crushed to a pulp.

A Boiler Explosion.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Dec. 11.—An explosion caused by a defective boiler occurred at the Pitts agricultural works this morning. George O'Connell, fireman, was fatally injured and John Doyle, engineer, seriously hurt.

Six Men Drowned.

DUBLIN, Dec. 11.—Water burst into a colliery at Cong, county Mayo, to-day, flooded the shaft to a depth of 150 feet and drowned six men.

CYCLIST ZIMMERMAN.

Excitement of the Australians at His Phenomenal Speed.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Dec. 11.—Australians received per steamer Warrimoo detail the many handsome victories won by the American champion cyclist, Arthur A. Zimmerman. One paper states: "On November 16 at the Sydney cricket grounds, 30,000 enthusiastic Australians surged and swayed and waved their arms in wild excitement at the phenomenal American wheelman. Zimmerman won the final in the great international cycle race. Martin, the long distance champion of America, rode pluckily and was loudly cheered, but the applause grew tremendous when Zimmerman appeared slowly pedaling toward the track from his dressing rooms, which were decorated with the stars and stripes. The race of the day was the 1/2 mile championship of Australia. Zimmerman was put against two Australian flyers in the first heat and won easily in 1:11 1/2. In the final Zimmerman seemed in superb condition and won easily by 30 yards, but gave the impression that he could have made the gap much wider."

WANT THE PRESIDENT.

Dispatches Sent to Mr. Cleveland to Call a

Cabinet Meeting on Monday.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—President Cleveland's early return to Washington is looked for. It is authentically stated that dispatches have been sent to him by members of his cabinet requesting that a special cabinet meeting be called for Monday next, to consider among other important measures, Lord Salisbury's reply on the Venezuelan matter and Secretary Carlisle's report. The secretary of the treasury is unwilling to submit that important document to congress until it has been read and approved by the president and his cabinet, hence the request for a call for a special meeting on Monday. The telegraphed suggestions will probably bring the president back to Washington by that time.

To Curtail Production.

TEXARKANA, Ark., Dec. 11.—One of the largest and most important lumber meetings of the year took place here yesterday, representing almost all the yellow pine industry in the states of Missouri, Arkansas, Texas and Louisiana. It was decided to curtail production one-third by running the mills only four days a week. The capacity affected is 5,000,000 feet per day, or 1,500,000,000 a year.

A Steamer Cuts a Whale in Two.

NEW YORK, Dec. 11.—The crew of the German steamer Arron, which arrived here yesterday from Progresso, reports that on December 8, in latitude 33 3/4, longitude 74 30, the vessel struck a sleeping whale, cutting it in two parts. The monster was over 70 feet long. The steamer sustained no damage.

His Neck Broken by a Fall.

KIRK, Kan., Dec. 11.—To-day the dead body of Charles Welch, a barber, was found lying on the front doorway of the shop, his head on the sidewalk. He was drinking last night and it is supposed he fell, striking his head upon the hard wall. His neck was broken by the fall.

Another Election Judge Convicted.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 11.—This morning, after nearly eighteen hours' deliberation, the jury in the Henry A. C. Jeffrey election fraud case brought in a verdict of guilty as charged in the indictment and assessed his punishment at three months in the county jail.

A Boy Drowned at Farm.

LARRED, Kan., Dec. 11.—Willie Fudickar, the 13-year-old son of Peter Fudickar, ice dealer of this city, was drowned in the Pawnee river about a mile west of here while skating. When found the body was in an upright position with the head against the underside of the ice.

Kansas Horticulturalists at Work.

LAWRENCE, Kan., Dec. 11.—The meeting of the state horticultural society this morning was devoted to reports of the standing committees. There are seventy-five members of the society present. The election of officers was postponed until the meeting next year.

A GOOD SHOWING.

The Value of Kansas Farm Products and Live Stock.

Advance sheets from the report of Secretary Coburn, of the state board of agriculture, give a summary of the acreages, quantities and values of Kansas' agricultural products, also numbers and values of live stock for the year 1894.

Compared with those of 1894, the figures show an increase this year of 1, 910,421 acres, or 9.7 per cent in field crops, and in their value, \$16,506,525, or 27 per cent. The farm and live stock products combined show an increase in value over the preceding year of \$16, 129,688, or 13.3 per cent. A complete summary as follows, shows first the kind of crop; next, the number of acres; third, the quantity in bushels or tons, and last the value:

Winter wheat, 4,095,514 acres; 15,812, 241 bushels; \$7,255,571.21.
Spring wheat, 115,457 acres; 489,816 bushels; \$907,547.26.
Corn, 8,394,871 acres; 201,457,390 bushels; \$46,189,772.73.
Oats, 1,600,343 acres; \$1,664,748 bushels; \$5,620,188.06.
Rye, 179,871 acres; 1,655,718 bushels; \$623,025.18.
Barley, 118,805 acres; 1,600,545 bushels; \$441,431.39.
Buckwheat, 873 acres; 6,398 bushels; \$3,101.06.
Irish potatoes, 96,228 acres; 7,633,808 bushels; \$3,506,365.
Sweet potatoes, 4,321 acres; \$73,449 bushels; \$187,714.41.
Sorghum, 312,730 acres; \$3,533,952.86.
Castor beans, 2,959 acres; 22,857 bushels; \$25,837.
Cotton, 358 acres; 296,400 pounds; \$17,184.
Flax, 233,903 acres; 1,680,530 bushels; \$1,786,474.11.
Hemp, 208 acres; 145,000 pounds; \$7,320.
Tobacco, 404 acres; 282,800 pounds; \$38,280.
Broom corn, 134,487 acres; 60,811,300 pounds; \$1,228,159.65.
Millet and Hungarian, 301,672 acres; 611,160 tons; \$2,030,786.
Milk maize, 16,377 acres; 53,491 tons; \$125,450.94.
Kaffir corn, 184,198 acres; 639,993 tons; \$1,686,385.50.
Jerusalem corn, 31,923 acres; 99,870 tons; \$362,378.48.
Tame grasses, 898,053 acres; 464,234 tons; \$1,972,994.50.
Prairie grasses, fencible, 4,885,349 acres; 1,154,757 tons; \$3,461,371.
Total number of acres, 21,576,704.
Total value, \$77,063,964.28.
Animals slaughtered or sold for slaughter, value, \$40,691,074.
Poultry and eggs sold, value, \$1,315, 967.
Wool clip, 828,778 pounds; \$74,300.02.
Hides, 229,489 pounds; \$76,396.33.
Butter, 31,134,220 pounds; \$4,050, 048.00.
Milk sold, value, \$383,987.
Garden products marketed, value, \$939,642.
Horticultural products marketed, value, \$930,084.
Wine manufactured, 205,895 gallons; \$154,421.23.
Honey and beeswax, 768,778 pounds; \$40,520.45.
Wood marketed, value, \$184,097.
Total, \$80,840,137.67; making a grand total of \$128,303,791.65.

The returns show the following distribution of live stock and the value thereof:

Horses, number, 552,789; value, \$33, 878,097.
Mules and asses, number, 95,169; value, \$3,335,740.
Milk cows, number, 517,354; value, \$12,414,694.
Other cattle, number, 1,258,919; value, \$23,919,461.
Sheep, number, 130,820; value, \$637, 648.
Swine, number, 1,666,291; value, \$9, 164,215.50. Total value being \$72,039, 258.50.

KANSAS STATISTICS.

Facts About Her People Deducted from the Agricultural Secretary's Report.

TOPEKA, Kan., Dec. 6.—F. D. Coburn, secretary of the department of agriculture, has issued a statement presenting deductions and summaries from the Kansas state census returns, made to the state board of agriculture by township assessors. The total population is 1,334,7